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Mould Investigation

You are going to investigate the conditions that cause mould to grow on bread. Independent variable (the condition you will change for your slices of bread):

What is the question you will investigate?

Dependent variable (the thing that will be affected by the independent variable - this is the thing you will observe or measure about the bread):

Controlled	variables	(all	the	other	things	that	you	will	keep	the	same	for	the	bread	slices	and	your
investigatio					0		5		·			5					5

What do you predict will happen? Which slice of bread will grow mould the fastest?

Complete your results in the table below:

	bread (the conditions it	Observations of mould growing over time						
		Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Slice 1								
Slice 2								





Mould Investigation

You are going to investigate the conditions that cause mould to grow on bread. Independent variable:

What is the question you will investigate?

Dependent variable:

Controlled variables:

What do you predict will happen? Which slice of bread will grow mould the fastest?

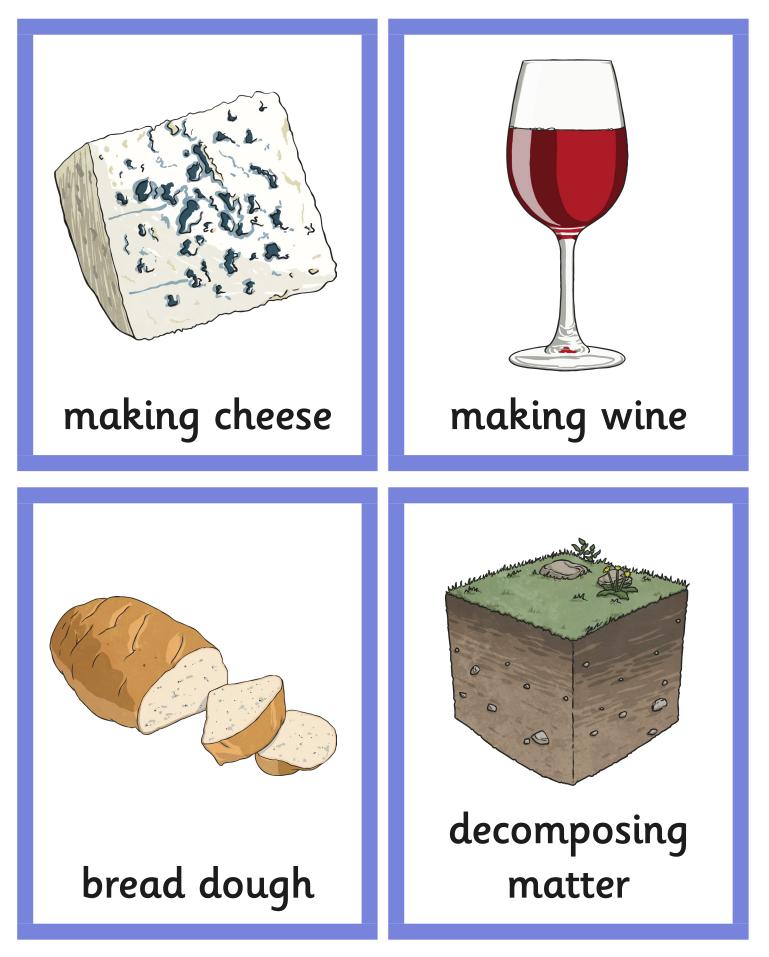
Explain why you think this, referring to microorganisms:

Complete your results in the table below:

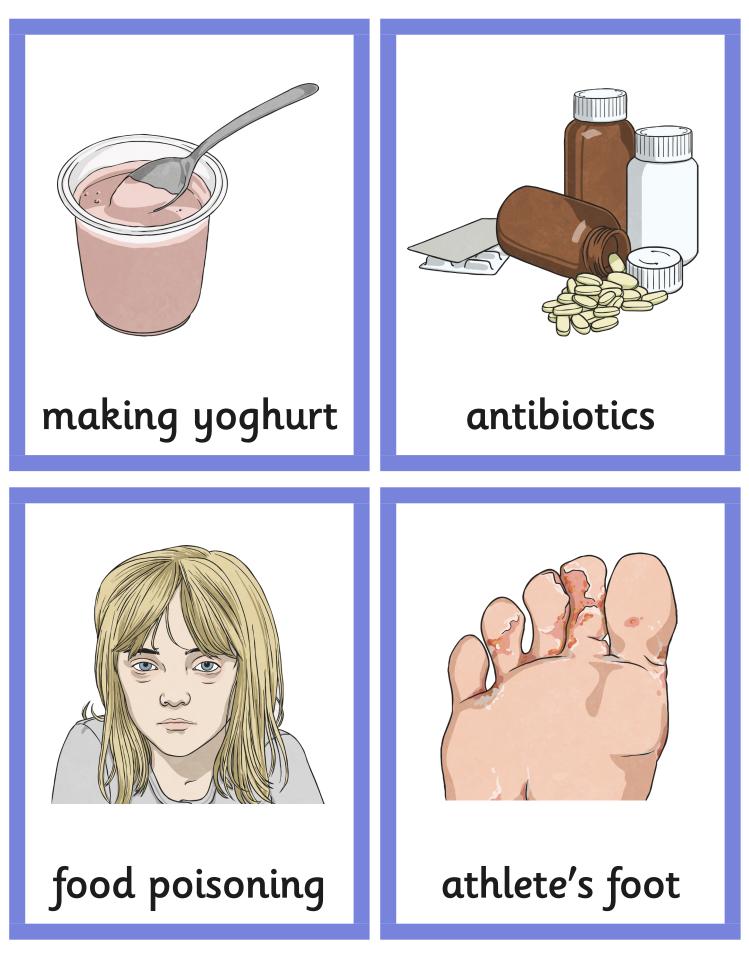
	Description of slice of	Observations of mould growing over time						
	bread (the conditions it will be under)	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5		
Slice 1								
Slice 2								



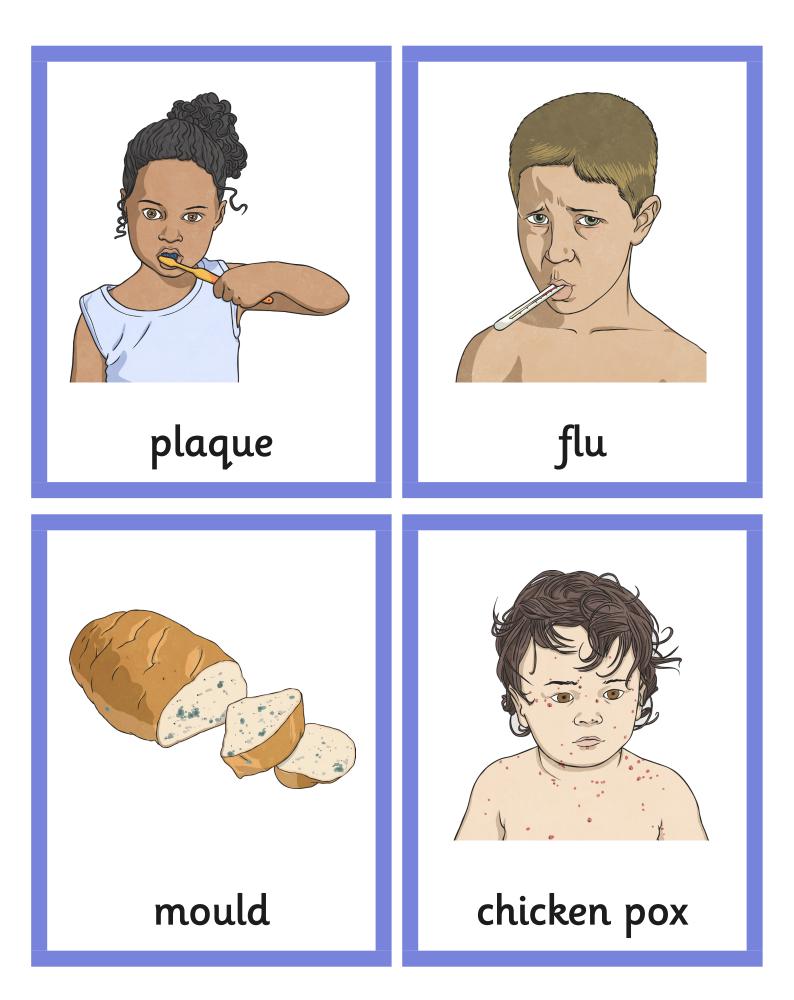
Helpful or Harmful Cards













Living Things and Their Habitats: Microorganisms

Aim: To describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals by exploring helpful and harmful microorganisms. I can describe and investigate helpful and harmful microorganisms.	Success Criteria: I can identify types of microorganism. I can describe helpful and harmful microorganisms. I can investigate harmful microorganisms.	Resources: Lesson Pack 2 slices of bread per pair (choose bread with fewer preservatives/shorter best before date for quicker results) 2 clear resealable plastic bags per pair Access to locations with different conditions Access to the hall or a large space if required
	Key/New Words: Microorganism, fungus, bacteria, virus, microscopic, mould.	Preparation: Microorganism Names stuck on the walls around the classroom or the hall Helpful or Harmful Cards cut out Mould Investigation Activity Sheet - 1 per child

Prior Learning: The children will have learnt about classifying living things in Lessons 1, 2 and 3.

Learning Sequence

	What are Microorganisms? Describe and explain microorganisms and describe the examples of microorganisms shown on the Lesson Presentation.	
	Helpful or Harmful? Describe the helpful and harmful uses and effects of microorganisms using the images and information on the Lesson Presentation .	
	Describing Helpful and Harmful Microorganisms: You may wish to carry this activity out in the hall or other large space so children have more space to move around. Point out the Microorganism Names stuck around the room. Show children a Helpful or Harmful Card. Children have 10 seconds to decide which type of microorganism is responsible for the example shown on the card, before moving to stand under the name of the correct Microorganism Name. Repeat with each card. Look for children who can identify the microorganisms that are responsible for the helpful and harmful examples.	
	What Makes Mould Grow? Explain the mould investigation described on the Lesson Presentation.Describe the examples of variables they may choose to change in their investigation. Children complete the differentiated Mould Investigation Activity Sheet with their chosen variable, their question and their prediction. Look for children who can plan and set up their investigation, and who can refer to microorganisms in their prediction.Image: Main Structure wariables.Image: Structure With their chosen variable, their question and their prediction, and who can refer to microorganisms in their prediction.Image: Main Structure wariables.Image: Structure With their chosen variable, their prediction, referring to microorganisms.	
	Mixed Up Microorganisms: Children talk to their partners to unscramble the anagrams on the Lesson	
	Presentation . Reveal the answers. Children discuss the uses or effects of each microorganism. Look for children who can identify the microorganisms and describe their uses and effects.	
Task it		

Answerit:	Try this quiz to see how much your children know about microorganisms.
Identifyit:	Identify whether the symptoms on this activity sheet are caused by microorganisms or not.
Watchit:	Watch this clip to find out the best way to wash hands to remove bacteria.

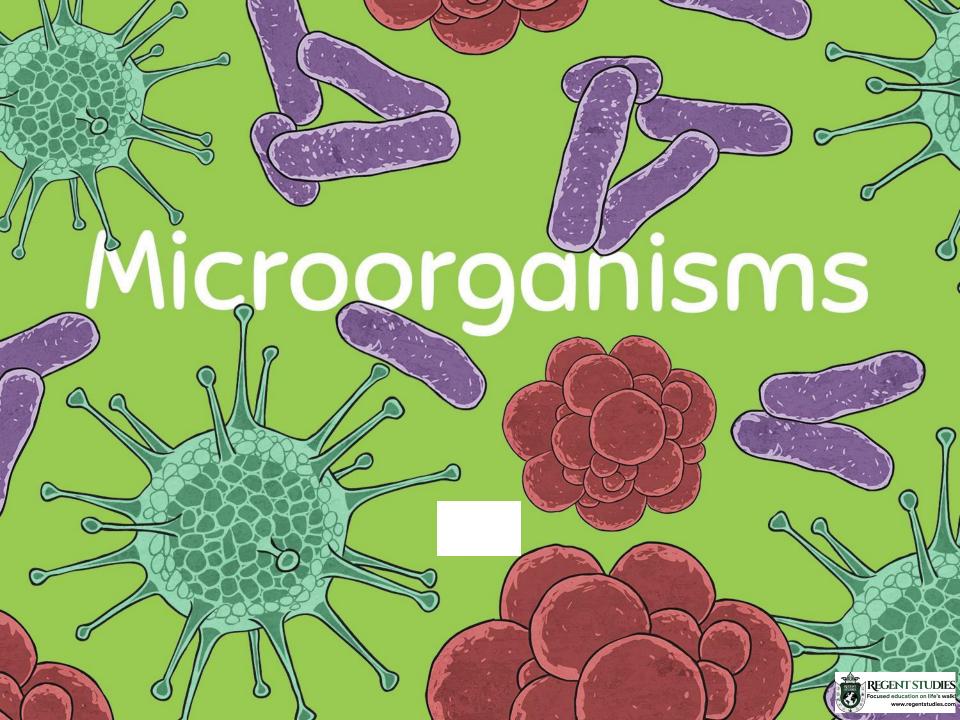


Science

Living Things and Their Habitats



Science | Year 6 | Living Things and Their Habitats | Microorganisms | Lesson 4



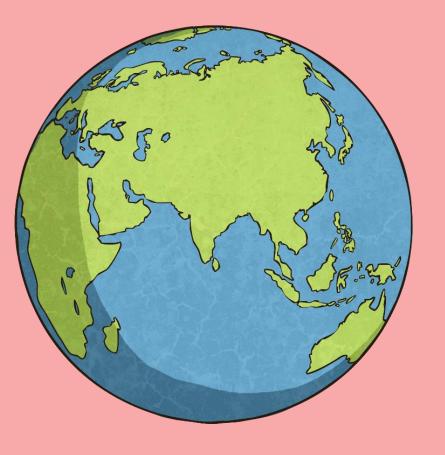
Aim

• I can describe and investigate helpful and harmful microorganisms.

Success Criteria

REGENTS

- I can identify types of microorganism.
- I can describe helpful and harmful microorganisms.
- I can investigate harmful microorganisms.

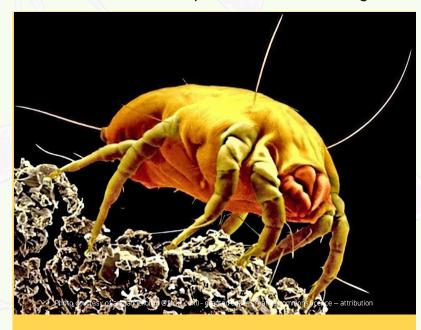


Microorganisms are very tiny living things. They are so small that they are not visible to the naked eye, so a microscope is needed to see them.

Microorganisms can be found all around us. They can live on and in our bodies, in the air, in water and on the objects around us. They can be found in almost every habitat on Earth.

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Some animals and plants are microorganisms. Examples include dust mites and plankton.



A magnified image of a household dust mite.

Plankton are microscopic organisms drifting in fresh or sea water, including plants and animals.

purtesy of picksfromoutthere (@flickr.com) - granted under creative comm<u>ons licence — attribution</u>

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Other microorganisms are fungi, such as mould, yeast and Penicillium.

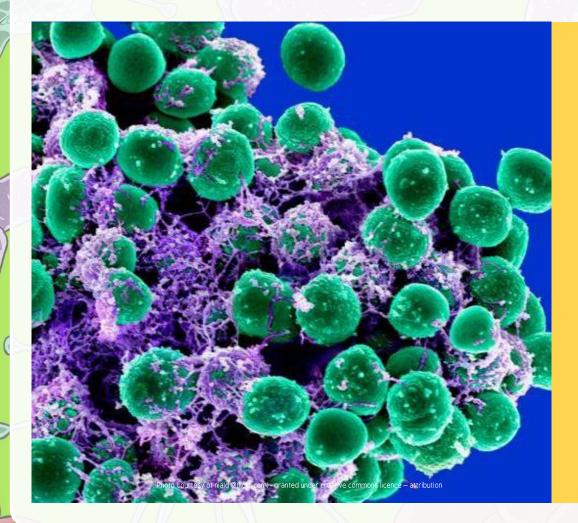


Mould is the common word for any fungus that grows on food or other materials.

Penicillium fungus is used to make the antibiotic penicillin. Photo courtesy of notahipster (@flickr.com) - granted under creative commons licence – attribution

Yeast is a microscopic fungus that can be used to raise bread dough.

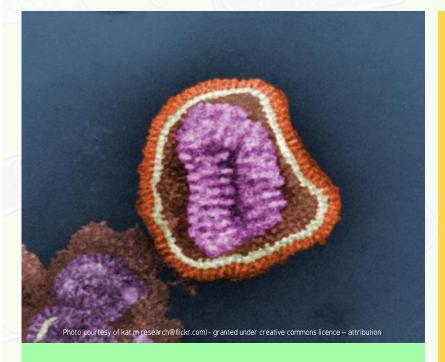
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Bacteria are singlecelled microorganisms. Bacteria are found in diverse habitats all over the Earth.

This image was produced by a scanning electron microscope. It shows a clump of staphylococcus epidermidis bacteria that is typically found growing on human skin, usually harmlessly.

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This image is a scanning electron micrograph of an influenza virus particle. This microorganism could cause you to have the flu. Sometimes viruses are called microorganisms, but they are not really alive. They are infectious agents that can replicate only inside the cells of living things. Scientists disagree on whether or not to call viruses microorganisms. In this lesson we will consider them to be unusual microorganisms.

REGENTS

Helpful or Harmful?

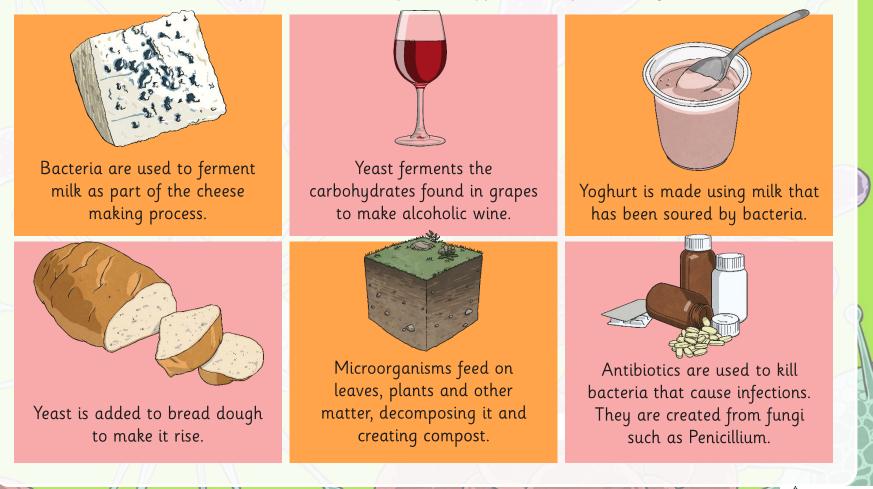
Some microorganisms can be helpful in certain situations. Others can be harmful, and their spread needs to be controlled or contained.

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Helpful or Harmful?

These examples show some of the helpful uses of microorganisms.



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Helpful or Harmful?

These examples show how microorganisms can be harmful to us. Harmful microorganisms are often called germs.



Food poisoning can be caused by bacteria that grow on uncooked or undercooked food.



Chicken pox is caused by a virus. It spreads very easily.



The influenza virus causes flu symptoms, such as a headache and fever.



The fungi that grow on food are called moulds. Mould can make you ill if you eat it.

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Athlete's foot is caused by a fungus that grows between the toes.



Plaque on our teeth is formed when bacteria in the mouth combine with small food particles.

Describing Helpful and Harmful Microorganisms

Around your classroom you will see the names of different types of microorganisms.

Your teacher will show you a card showing an example of a helpful or harmful microorganism.

You will have 10 seconds to think about the type of microorganism on each card. Then you should move to stand under the name of the microorganism shown on the card. virus

REGENTS



What Makes Mould Grow?

Mould is the name for the types of fungi that grow on food. What do you think makes mould grow?

It is useful to know what makes mould grow so that we can stop it happening as fast, and keep our food fresher for longer.

You will work with a partner to investigate the conditions which cause mould to grow.

You will use 2 slices of bread and 2 clear plastic bags. You will place each slice of bread in a plastic bag, then change the conditions that each slice of bread is exposed to over a week.

For example, you may put one slice of bread in the light and one in the dark. Or one may go in the fridge and the other over a radiator. Or you may choose to dampen one slice of bread before putting it in the bag, while leaving the other dry.



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What Makes Mould Grow?

Decide with your partner which variable you will change. Use this variable to construct your question.

For example, if you are changing the dampness of the bread, your question may be: "Does damp bread go mouldy faster than dry bread?"

Complete the Mould Investigation Activity Sheet and set up your investigation.

You will observe the bread over a week and collect your results in the next lesson.

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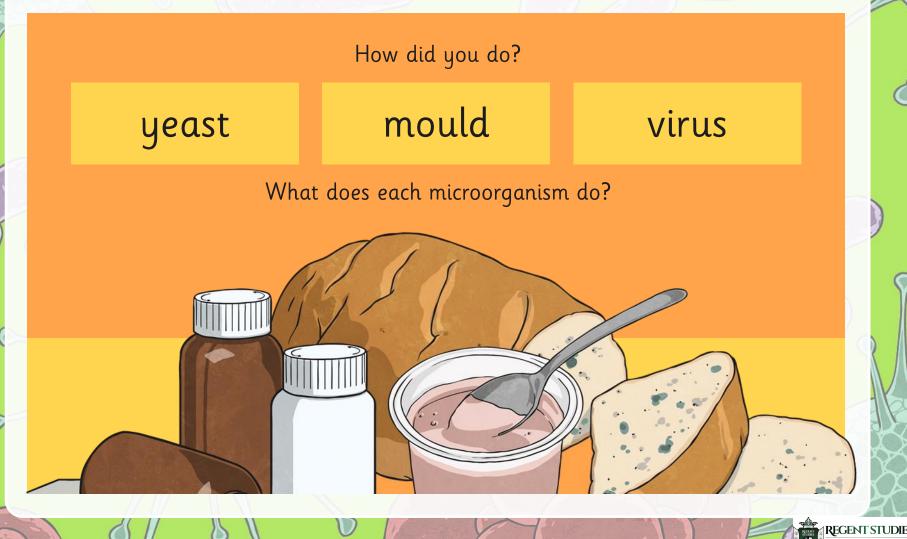
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Mixed up Microorganisms



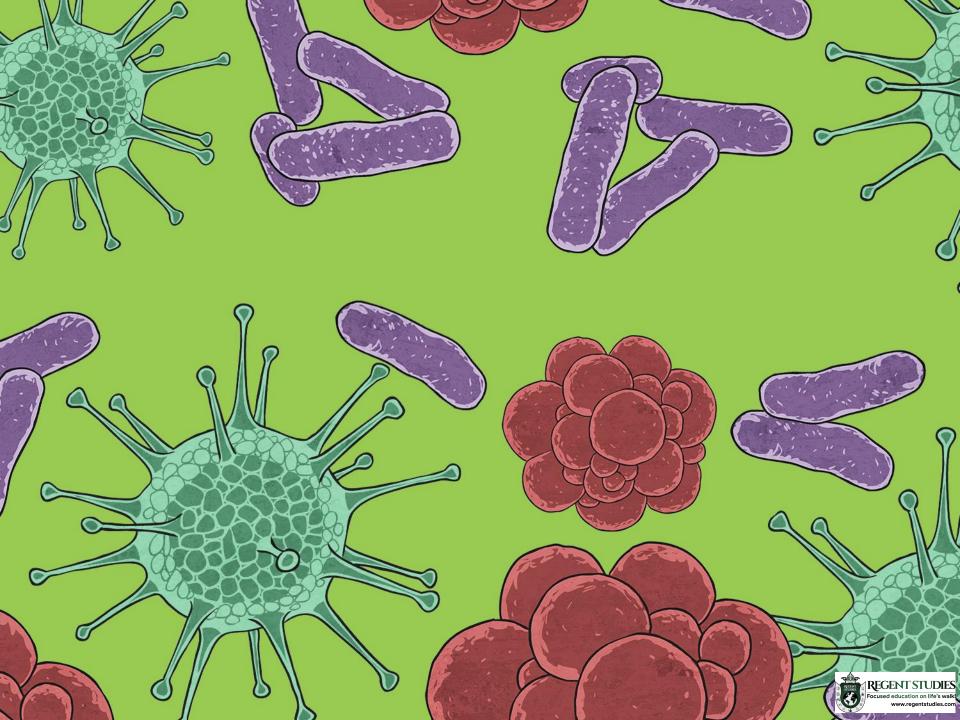
Aim

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virus

bacteria

fungus



Living Things and Their Habitats | Microorganisms

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